A coroner's jury in a rural district of Georgia returned the following verdict recently: "The deceased came to his death by tryin' to light his pipe with an electric light, which can't be done successfully.'

Since the foundation of the Legal Aid society in New York 90,000 people, victimized by their fellows, have sought and found justice through its efforts. The society has collected and paid over \$700,000. The indirect benefits have also been felt by a far larger number of people.

Magistrate Wentworth, of New York city, has startled the community by dewhen he discharged a 16-year-old boy who had attempted self-destruction. "When a man is through with life." said the magistrate, "let him shuffle it off. That's what I intend to do."

A story comes from Madrid that five Spanish officers have been rewarded for valiant and successful services as spies in this country during the war. The spies may have done good work, but the mistake that Spain made in the matter was that they were not detailed to learn the weakness of their own nation before the war rather than the strength of their foes after it was too

The qualities of the American volunteer at Manila continue to amaze the European powers. That men taken from fields, shops and offices can in a few months be made into soldiers so efficient gives them new views of military capacity. No European commander for the next generation at least is going to undervalue the fighting ability of American soldiers, either regulars or volunteers.

James Clarke, aged 66 years, a convict recently released from the Maryland penitentiary, holds the world's record on marriages, if the testimony of the Baltimore detective force is correct. It is claimed that Clarke has been married 55 times. In view of the fact that about half of the wives are now looking for his scalp, we should think it would have been the course of wisdom for him to have remained in prison.

Lyman Abbott says: "I have tried to interpret my own conviction that religion consists not in believing something about God or thinking about God, but in trying to live the Divine life. Reeven the art of right living, for living that is not right living is the beginning of death. Religion means for the merchant, honesty; for the journalist, truthfulness; for the soldier, heroism; for the minister, sincerity and candor.'

An impression has become current in America that the Japanese live almost exclusively upon rice. This is a mistake. In 1896 Japan produced the leading cereals in the following proportions: Rice, 180,498,855 bushels: wheat, 17,761,945 bushels; rve, 24,616,235 bushels; barley, 37,426,425 bushels; millet of all varieties, 11,017,650 bushels; rape, 3,554,760 bushels. There were also produced 3,715,170 bushels of Irish potatoes and 37,948,566 bushels of sweet po-

A "personal" in a New York paper reads as follows:

"In the land of the free, in the home of the brave," is there a gentleman not under 30 years of age, refined, educated, literary and "a stranger not to honor's laws," who for the love of letter writing, will cor-respond with a lady in the full bloom of womanhood, of education, literary tastes and deep sense of refinement, and whose ideal has not been "wrecked on the shores of the real," nor "sleeps like a dream, in the grave?" It is safe to wager that the lady who

"composed" the above ad wears a face like a Polish riot.

A newly-discovered mineral which is of a lustrous black color and which as fuel surpasses coal and all other substances heretofore known is found on the island of Barbadoes, in the Lesser Antilles, where the natives call it "manjak." It is thought that manjak is petrified petroleum, great quantities of petroleum being found on the island. It contains only two per cent. of water and 27 per cent. of solid organic matter, thus surpassing in utility the best asphalt of Trinidad. in which 30 per cent. of water is contained, and which has been classed as the very finest fuel.

The late Gen. F. E. Spinner, who as treasurer of the United States for many years, under appointment of Abraham Lincoln, appended to the greenbacks the weirdest signature ever written by man, and who was the first to give women employment in the service of the federal government, is to have a statue erected to his memory. The cost of the tribute is borne entirely by women, who in this way seek to show in some degree their gratitude to him for courageously ignoring custom and precedent and opening to women new ways for their aspiration and occupation.

A remarkable story comes from the south to the effect that a Mississippi planter by the name of Mangum has been experimenting with monkeys as cotton pickers, and that during the entire fall of last year he had ten monkeys working in his fields. It is said they were taught to perform the work of picking cotton by a New York animal trainer, and that the same man is now training 120 monkeys for Mr. Mangum. Monkeys may yet prove of some use outside the menagerie and hand organ business, but we have no proofs concerning the cotton pickers.

# Worthington Advance A WEEKS HISTORY

The Important Happenings of a Week Briefly Told.

IN ALL PARTS OF THE UNION

All the Latest News of Interest from Washington, From the East, the West and the South.

THE LATEST FOREIGN DISPATCHES

FIFTY-FIFTH CONGRESS.

Nearly the entire session of the United States senate on the 23d was taken up in considering the river and harbor bill and 89 pages were disposed of. A bill was passed permitting volunteer regiments to retain their colors and to deposit them in the state capitals. In the house the naval appropriation bill was passed with an amendment creating the grade of admiral of the navy. It is intended for Rear Admiral Dewey.

The river and harbor bill, with the Nicaragua canal bill attached, was passed in the United States senate on the 24th by a vote of 50 to 3, and the to its clients a sum largely in excess of compromise army reorganization bill. which provides for a standing army of 65,000 men, and gives the president power to enlist 35,000 volunteers when necessary, was favorably reported. In the house the army appropriation bill was discussed, and Mr. Johnson (rep., claring from the bench that suicide is Ind.) violently attacked the policy of not a crime. The statement was made | the administration. Mr. Grosvenor (O.) introduced a bill directing that government publications shall bear the imprint of the International Typographical union.

The bill for increasing the efficiency of the army occupied the time in the United States senate on the 25th. In the house further consideration of the army appropriation bill took up most of the time. Eulogies upon the late Senator E. C. Walthall and Representaive W. F. Love, of Mississippi, were delivered.

FROM WASHINGTON. In January last the total receipts of internal revenue were \$20,812,212, a gain over the same month in 1898 of

\$8,476,285. Gen. Eagan testified before the beef inquiry commission in Washington that the refrigerated beef was good, and Gen. Weston said that few complaints were based on facts.

The death of Levi P. Maish, a member from Pennsylvania of the Forty-fourth. Fourty-fifth, Fiftieth and Fifty-first congresses, occurred in Washington, aged 62 years.

The plans are being prepared for a apid evacuation of Cuba by the United States troops.

The president has nominated William R. Day, of Canton, O., late secretary of state, for United States circuit judge for the Sixth judicial circuit, composed of parts of Ohio, Michigan, Kentucky and Tennessee.

THE EAST.

The governor of New York celebrated Washington's birthday by affixing his signature to the bill to prevent improper use of the national flag. In Jersey City, N. J., William Reid

Henry in Hoboken on May 14, 1898. Ex-President Cleveland, it is said, will

Ex-State Treasurer Benjamin J. Hay- filibusters. vood died at his home in Sharon, Pa.

per od of 1898. At the leading clearing houses in the \$1,656,010,613, against \$1,393,621,001 the them. previous week. The increase compared

About given up as lost the long-missing steamer Bulgaria, of the Hamburg-American line, arrived at Pon Del gada, Azores, with all on board well.

Advices from all portions of the counry say that the volume of business is

WEST AND SOUTH. In Canton, O., Mrs. Anna E. George

greater than ever before known

pleaded not guilty of the murder of George D. Sexton, and her trial was set or April 4. Mary Stewart, widow of a prominent citizen of Mulvanin, Kan., celebrated

her one hundred and first birthday anniversary with a dance, in which she took part. Flames in Minneapolis destroyed the

Tribune building and other business places, the loss being over \$200,000. At Ripley, O., fire burned eight business houses, including the Reinert ho-

A bill passed the California legislature forbidding the publication of caroons in newspapers. Gen. Gomez, the Cuban commander in chief, entered Havana, escorted by

Gen. Ludlow and his staff, and was received with enthusiasm. Lottie M. Hughes, on trial at Mason City. Ia., on a charge of murdering her husband with poison, was found not

Chauncey M. Depew, senator-elect from New York, said in a speech before railway men in Chicago that it was our duty to hold Cuba, Porto Rico and the

Philippines. At Walton, Ind., the residence of Daniel Eckton was blown up by natural gas and seven persons were injured,

three fatally. The death of Col. A. L. Conger, for years a member from Ohio of the repubican national committee, occurred in Des Moines, Ia.

In Chicago the bodies of the three victims of the Arlington flats fire-Fred Marty, his wife and baby—have been found in the ruins of the building. In Topeka, Kan., Paddy Shea, the

pugilist, was sentenced to 30 years in the penitentiary for the murder of Ed Dawson in a saloon row. A hurricane unroofed several houses

and did other damage at Evansville, At Baker, Ind., Mrs. Mary Miller died

at the age of 100 years. During the recent cold spell millions of bees were killed in Kentucky, and honey making has practically been exterminated in the state for several

A bill passed the North Dakota senate IT IS NOT BELIEVED. providing that all persons must un-dergo a physical examination before icense for marriage will be issued.

FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE. Rear Admiral Dewey says in an interriew he would not accept a nomination to the presidency and that he desired no

olitical office. Dispatches from China say that 2,000. 200 Chinese peasants are threatened with starvation, owing to the Yellow river floods.

The Scandia, bearing American troops, arrived at Manila. Gen. Otis reports that insurgents who gained acess to outskirts of the city were routed with a loss of 500 killed and wound-

ed. American loss slight. The rebel government has succeeded the regular Chinese authority over a vast area of Kuang Tung and Kingsi provinces.

landed seamen in Manila to protect the foreign residents. In the Spanish cortes Admiral Cervera stated that if the loss of the Spanish squadron was a crime it must be attributed to the government which

Foreign warships were said to have

sent him to the Antilles against his will The Spanish military commander in the Philippines, Gen. Rios, says the Americans will need 100,000 men to suppress the rebellion among the natives.

Dispatches say that Emperor Nicholas is ill, and that Imperial Grand Duke Michael is presiding over the government of Russia.

Advices from Gen. Otis announce the surrender of Cebu, capital of the island of the same name, to the United States naval forces.

LATER NEWS.

The bill for the reorganization of the army passed the United States senate. Henry James, a traveling man from St. Paul, was held up and robbed of \$620 by three women on the streets of Chicago. The women were afterwards arrested and identified.

Roland B. Molineaux, of Brooklyn N. Y., was arrested, charged with the murder of Mrs. Katherine J. Adams, of New York. Death was caused by cyanide of mercury sent through the mails as bromo selzer to Harry Cornish, who in turn, unthinkingly, gave the bottle to Mrs. Adams.

The Spanish senate, by a vote of 130 o 7, approved of the motion of Marshal Martinez de Campos, signed by all the Spanish generals in the senate demanding a parliamentary inquiry into the conduct of the recent war.

The worst storm for ten years swept Wyoming the 27th, completely block ing all railway traffic.

A movement has been set on foot for an extensive reciprocity scheme be-tween Newfoundland and the United States, including fish for the West Indies market, lumber, pulp, minerals, and other valuable products of American industry.

The government troops defeated the Nicaraguan rebels and General Reyes, the insurgent leader, fled for protection to the British consulate at Blue fields. He will surrender without further resistance, thus closing the revolution.

The Johnson steamer Moravia is over a month out from Falmouth, England for Boston, and much anxiety is

Advices received from Iloilo state was hanged for the murder of Andrew that all is quite there. The natives who fled at the landing of the Ameri- Commander Cornwell sent an ulticans are returned to Iloilo and many reenter national politics, and will of them are taking the oath of allegidoubtless be a candidate for the demo- ance. The Charleston and the Concord cratic nomination for president in 1900. are patrolling the strands in search of

The owners of the Toledo plantation In the United States there were 191 near Mariano complained to General business failures in the seven days end- Fitzhugh Lee recently that Cuban ed on the 24th, against 178 the week soldiers carried away tons of sugar previous and 233 in the corresponding cane every day to eat it. Major Russell B. Harrison, the provost marshal, with a guard of twenty-five men, United States the exchanges during the went to the plantation recently week ended on the 24th aggregated caught fifty Cubans and disarmed

It is asserted in Madrid that the with the corresponding week in 1898 number of disbanded Spanish sailors in Cuba who are joining the American navy is considerable increasing.

### BITS OF INFORMATION.

It is considered a heinous offense to ride a bicycle anywhere near the city of Constantinople.

Astronmical instruments of glass were used by the Chinese as early as Maj. Gen. Otis, reporting that all was 2283 B. C.

The strength of two horses is equal to that of 15 men. Boston has about 14,000 acres of land

devoted to parks. For the last two years each convict in the Missouri state prison has earned eight cents a day more than the cost | by the inhabitants of Negros is having of keeping him.

The largest clock in America and the highest in the world began its work of are, in Gen. Miller's opinion, open to measuring time in the great tower of reason. the Philadelphia city hall on New Year's day.

An unusual accident has befallen William Edgecombe, of Bayside, N. J. While he was skinning a lively eel the fish suddenly wiggled and struck him in the eye with its head. Since that time the sight of the eye gradually faded and now that organ is useless.

In a beer-drinking contest at Milwaukee, John Schinner drank 97 glasses of beer in five hours. His competitor, Christian Schmidt, became so ill after he had swallowed 82 glasses of the foamy fluid that he required the services of a physician, and for four days he was confined to his bed.

### TEACHINGS OF SCIENCE.

Experiments with seeds subjected to extreme cold have shown that the power of germination is not destroyed,

but merely suspended by the cold. It is found that all varieties of clouds float at a much greater altitude in summer than in winter. The months of greatest elevation, at least in Sweden are June and July.

Experiments have recently been made in Australia with a method for making artificial leather from paper pulp. It is stated that the resulting material is tough, flexible and strong.

Our earth grows heavier every day by possibly 100 tons, making a liberal estinate of the amount of matter received from meteors and shooting stars. At all times the earth's atmosphere acts as a net catching shooting stars that are crossing the path. These stars vary in size from a grain of matter to a large-

Story That Foreign Ships Land Troops at Manifa Is Doubted.

ewey Is Reticent as to Why He Sen for the Oregon-The Stars and Stripes Raised Over the Island of Cebu.

Madrid, Feb. 27 .- Ap official dispatch from Manila says: The situation here is very serious. The foreign warships are disembarking troops. Gen. Rios will leave Manila and go to Zamboanga, Island of Mindanao.

The government has received a long dispatch from Gen. Rios, at Manila, but refuses to impart its contents.

El Imparcial, which asserts that it is n a good position to know the truth of the situation at Manila, says: There is constant fighting between the Amercans and the Tagalos. The courage and stubbornness of the latter have caused great anxiety to the Americans, who do not conceal their belief that the

war will be a long and desperate one. Sagasta says in an interview he considers 4,000 American reinforcements as inadequate and believes a more numerous army will be required merely to guard the coasts. He thinks all atempts to preserve order and maintain stable government in the interior are iseless.

Is Not Credited. Washington, Feb. 27 .- The governnent officials here discredit the statement in the dispatch that the foreign warships are disembarking troops a Manila. Spanish sources of information respecting affairs in the Philippine islands, they say, are not to be relied upon, as the press and people of Spain do not hesitate to circulate statements inimical to the interests of this country. Secretary Alger was shown the dispatch, and without entering into a discussion of it simply said he had heard no news of that sort. Such of the dispatches reaching the war department Sunday from Gen. Otis as were made public were confined to routine matters, while Secretary Long said he had not a word from Admiral Dewey during the entire day.

Dewey Declines to Talk. Manila, Feb. 27.-Admiral Dewey, vhen asked to give his reasons for requesting Washington to send the battleship Oregon to Manila, firmly declined to discuss the matter. All was quiet here Sunday night, and along the line, except for some desultory firing by the rebels near Caloocan and San Pedro Macati.

Stars and Stripes Over Cebu. Manila, Feb. 27.-Admiral Dewey and Gen. Otis on Saturday received word of the surrender of Cebu, capital of the island of the same name, to the United States naval forces. Formal possession of the city was taken by the gunboat Petrel, which was recently sent from this station for the purpose. No opposition was offered by the natives to the American move. A garrison force will at once be sent to the island by Gen. Otis, all public buildings being placed in the possession of the United States officials.

According to the advices brought by the steamer Neustra Senora del Carmen, whose arrival brought the new that the American flag had been raised over the island of Cebu, the United States gunboat Petrel, Commander C. Cornwell, visited Cebu on February 22. matum ashore, declaring the intention of the Americans to take possessionpeaceably if possible, by force if necessarv. The rebels immediately vacated, taking their guns to the hills. A party of marines and blue jackets was landed and the American flag was raised by them over the government building, which they still occupied when the Neustra Senora del Carmen

[Cebu is a city of about 35,000 inhabitants The island is one of the most important i the Visayas group. Its area is 2,000 square miles and it has a population of more than 500,000. Although Cebu is just east of Negros and but a short distance from Pana where the natives attempted to drive away the American forces under Gen. Miller, the insurrection never gained any strength on the island. Under the Spanish regime the capital was a city of considerable commer cial and political importance.]

Quiet at Iloilo. A battalion of the Twenty-third regulars left for Cebu Sunday by the Unit ed States transport Pennsylvania.

The same steamer brought dispatche from Brig. Gen. Miller, at Iloilo, to quiet there; that there had been no further fighting; that confidence had been restored and business was being generally resumed. Gen. Miller thinks it probable the natives will soon become convinced of the error of opposing the inevitable, and that the example set its effect among the other islands which, though not entirely convinced,

All is quiet inside and outside o Manila, except near Caloocan, where the enemy's sharpshooters continue to annoy our troops at a comparatively close range. One man of the Twentieth Kansas volunteers was killed in Ari quina village, which was burned Sat urday night, and four were wounded in the skirmish, one of the Idaho, one of he Minnesota and two of the Pennsylvania volunteer regiments.

Blind Woman Murdered, Chicago, Feb. 27.—Cora S. Henderson blind housekeeper, employed by Jean W. Holtslander, of No. 1385 West Madson street, was found in the parlor of the Holtslander home Sunday evening with her skull battered and crushed. Her body was cold, and the indications were that life had been extinct for more than 12 hours. Robbery was the mo

tive, unddubtedly. Sent to Prison. Topeka, Kan., Feb. 27.-Paddy Shea, he pugilist, was sentenced to 30 years in the penitentiary for the murder of quiry into the conduct of the recent Ed Dawson, in a saloon row.

Death of Gen. Reynolds. Washington, Feb. 27.-Maj. Gen. Joseph J. Reynolds, U.S. A., retired, is dead, aged 77 years. A month ago Gen Reynolds had an attack of partial paralysis which culminated in a cerebral hemorrhage causing death late Saturday afternoon. The remains will be interred at Arlington Tuesday or Wednesday.

Found in the Ruins. Chicago, Feb. 27 .- The bodies of Leter Carrier Fred Marty, wife and child were found Sunday in the ruins of the Arlington flat building, burned some SOME OF ITS WORK.

ness of the Fifty-Fifth Congress.

Washington, Feb. 27 .- An eventful period in the country's history is covered by the work of the Fifty-fifth congress, which is drawing to a close. It has been a period of stirring and dra- street station of having murdered his matic action, with questions of vast magnitude constantly engaging atten- leged to have taken place a month ago, tion, forming an epoch alongside those on January 26 or 27. The body of Mrs. other American epochs, the revolution Becker has not been discovered. Feband the civil war. This congress has de- ruary 11 Becker was married to Eda clared war against a foreign foe, and the treaty-making branch has participated in ratifying the treaty by which hat war was terminated. It has provided a great volunteer army, has enarged the regular army, and has expanded the navy to meet war emergencies and new conditions. The tariff has been revised, first by the Dingley law and then by the war revenue act; bond issue known as the war loan, has been provided. But far reaching as these war meas-

ures are, the congress has had time also to enact other legislation, which, under ordinary circumstances, would make its session memorable. This includes he annexation of Hawaii, the rejecting by the senate of the general treaty of arbitration with Great Britain; the enactment of a national bankruptcy law; provision for taking the Twelfth census; reorganization of the personnel of the navy. To this list may yet be added other important subjects still pending, including the Nicaragua canal, the increase of the regular army, the anti-scalping measure, the Hawaiian bill, and the proposed encouragement of American shipping. Some of the most important general measures are in the final legislative stages, and it will not be until the last hours arrive that the success or failure of these measures will be determined defi

nitely. The total appropriations of the present session will approximate \$700,000,-000. of which about \$250,000,000 will be for the military and naval uses or for subjects connected with the war. It is a general estimate, however, based upon totals which may undergo much change, as very few of the large appropriation bills have become law, and some of them have not even been considered. If the Nicaragua canal amendment is added to the river and harbor bill this will make a material increase. Included in the naval bill are provisions for three sea-going battleships, three armored cruisers and six small cruisers, for which \$10,000,000 is appropriated for the first year's work. Based on estimates, the total appropriations for the congress (not including the four appropriation bills left over by the former congress) would be approximately \$1,600, 000,000, of which amount approximately \$600,000,000 is for war expenses or incident to the army and navy.

### OUR "COLONIAL" REVENUES.

Statement Showing Receipts from Customs and Taxes in Cuba, Porto

Rico and Philippines. Washington, Feb. 27.-Assistant Secretary of War Meiklejohn has made public a statement showing the total receipts from customs and taxes received in the several ports in the islands of Cuba and Porto Rico and the Philippines, so far as reports have been re ceived by the war department, from the respective dates of occupation of said ports by the military forces of the United States to and including January 31, 1899. In Cuba from July 18, 1898, to January 31, 1899 (six ports not reporting for January), \$1,312,372, was received. In the Philippine islands from August 13, 1898, to December 31, 1898, \$1,819,813. In Porto Rico from August 15, 1898, to December 15, 1898, \$3,643,602.

## A HOME DESTROYED.

Natural Gas Demolishes a Residence at Walton, Ind.-Five Persons

Logansport, Ind., Feb. 27.—The hous of Daniel Eckton, at Walton, near here was blown to pieces Sunday by a natural gas explosion. The noise was heard for miles. Mrs. Eckton is horribly injured and is dying. Mrs. Jesse Coblentz is also dying. Willie Coblentz, Jesse Coblentz and Charles Eckton all are more or less injured, but will recover. The Coblentz family arrived at the Ecktons to spend Sunday just be-

fore the accident.

Grain Shipments Heavy. Boston, Feb. 27 .- Twelve trans-Atlantic liners sailed from this port the last weck heavily laden with wheat, corn. oats, provisions, machinery, general merchandise, etc. The increase in the export business was enormous, and shippers figure that the combined car goes of these 12 steamships are worth \$8,000,000. The totals are 309,249 bush els of wheat, 605,973 bushels of corn and 219,797 bushels of oats.

Judgeship for Day.

Washington, Feb. 27.-William R. Day, of Canton, O., late secretary of state, was nominated by President Mc- for investigation by the immigration Kinley Saturday for United States circuit judge for the Sixth judicial circuit. This is a new circuit, composed of parts of Ohio, Michigan, Kentucky and Ten- the close of the war with Spain the imnessee, and Mr. Day will be its first judge.

Col. Conger Is Dead. Des Moines, Ia., Feb. 27.-Col. A. L. Conger died here Saturday night from from Akron, O. For eight years he served on the republican national committee, and served several terms as member of congress. He was 70 years

Wants a War Inquiry. Madrid, Feb. 27.—Marshal De Campos s about to submit to the senate a mo tion, signed by all the generals in the senate, demanding a parliamentary in-

Causes Many Deaths.
Fort Worth, Tex., Feb. 27.—Texas is passing through an epidemic of meningitis. The situation is alarming. The give a similar situation. Many schools ages of this disease.

Yields Rule Over Russia London, Feb. 27.—The Daily Chronicle's correspondent in Stockholm says it is rumored there that Emperor Nicholas is ill. and that Imperial Grand Duke Michael is presiding over the govWIFE MAY BE SLAIN.

of Albert A. Beck, in Chicag Resembles That of Adolph Luetgert.

Chicago, Feb. 27.—Albert August Becker, a butcher, residing at 5017 Rockwell street, is accused by Capt. Lavin and the police of the Forty-seventh wife, Teresa Becker. The murder is al-Sutterlin (in English, Ida Sutherland). the 17-year-old daughter of a saloon keeper at Forty-second and Loomis streets. Both Becker and the girl are under arrest. As evidences that a crime has been committed the police have an iron bar on which there is blood and what is supposed to be human hair, and part of the board flooring of Becker's barn, on which there is blood and hair.

Should it prove that in the disappearance of Mrs. Becker a murder has been committed, the case will make one of a strange trio, the other two being Adolph Luetgert's and Emil Rollinger's. Luetgert, Rollinger and Becker all followed the trade of butchers in Chicago. All are phlegmatic, dull-witted Germans. Each is accused of having made away with his wife in order to be free to marry another woman. Neither Leutgert nor Becker made any effort to discover the whereabouts of his wife after her disappearance.

STORM IN INDIANA.

Fornado Unroofs Houses and Levels Trees and Fences - Damage Estimated at \$100,000.

Evansville, Ind., Feb. 27.-A tornado assed over this city at an early hour Sunday morning, carrying destruction in its path. The storm traveled in a northeasterly direction and had a velocity of 60 miles an hour. Losses to property in and around Evansville will amount to \$50,000. The plant of the Evansville Pressed Brick company, located in the suburbs of the city, was completely demolished. The loss is \$10,-000. Dozens of dwellings were unroofed and lifted from their foundations. Trees were torn up by their roots and fences and pieces of buildings were carried for miles by the wind. The tornado was severe throughout. Vandeberg, Warrick, and Dubois counties and farmers are reported to have lost heavily. Considerable stock was killed in the field. No lives were lost in this vicinity. Telegraph and telephone wires in Warrick and Dubois counties are all down. It is stated the losses in the three counties where the storm spent its force, will amount to \$100,000. It is said the tornado did much damage throughout Spencer and Perry coun-

#### COL. BABCOCK DEAD.

coln Breathes His Last in Chicago.

Chicago, Feb. 27.-Col. Amos C. Babcock, an intimate friend of Abraham Lincoln, and a prominent figure in the abolitionist movement in the early '50s, York in 1828, and came to Illinois in action of the moisture of the mouth, 1846. Col. Babcock was widely known as the contractor who built the state capital of Texas, in conjunction with King George III., of England, was the Farwells, of Chicago, raising the called to Lisbon to attend the queen of funds by selling the debentures of a Portugal for a mental disorder. He and company, the state having given | got \$3 over 3,000,000 acres of land to the concern undertaking the work. The cost of the building was \$3,000,000. He was \$100.000 in addition to the monthly made chairman of the Illinois repub- stipulation. lican state central committee in 1866, and, excepting a brief interval during the Greeley furore, in which he took sides with the eccentric editor, he held

the office till 1878.

URGE THE EXPOSITION. St. Louis Delegation in Washington Advocating Celebration of Louisi-

ana Purchase Anniversary. Washington, Feb. 27 .- A large number of Washington officials assembled at the Arlington Saturday evening as guests of the executive committee of the Louisiana Purchase exposition, which is proposed for St. Louis in 1903. Former Gov. David R. Francis, of Missouri, explained the purpose of the exposition and said that the citizens of St. Louis were ready to contribute \$10,000,-000 if they could secure a congressional loan of \$5,000,000, to be arranged on any terms congress might see fit to dictate. Many speeches were made by representatives of cities now included in the territory embraced in the purchase. The entire Missouri delegation was on hand and many congressmen from other

Increase of Spanish Immigration. New York, Feb. 27.—Thirty Spaniards arrived here Sunday on the Cunard liner Umbria. Most of the men are laborers, and are able to read and write. All of them are going to different mining towns in the west. They are held officials to determine whether they came here to work under contract. The immigrant authorities say that since migration from that country has increased 100 per cent.

Sues for Lost Jewels. New York, Feb. 26.—Frances Saville, the opera singer, who states that she is a stroke of paraylsis. He came here a citizen of California, has brought suit against the proprietor of the Madison Avenue hotel, in this city, to recover \$20,000, the value of a casket of jewels which she alleges was stolen from her apartments in the hotel in December, 1898, presumably by an employe of the hotel.

> Death of Baren de Reuter. Nice, Feb. 27 .- Baron Paul Juilus de Reuter, director and founder of Reuter's Telegraph company, is dead, aged 83 years.

Killed by the Cars. Peoria, Ill., Feb. 27.-Agent Ryan and Operator Wilton, of the Peoria, Decatur Evansville railroad at Mackinaw death record in this city is 30 for the station, were killed on the Big Four week. Reports from the country towns near Tremont, Sunday evening. They were returning home from Tremont on have been closed on account of the rav- a railway velocipede, and the train, an extra, ran them down, killing both of

them instantly. Left \$5,000,000 to Charity. Athens, Feb. 27.—It is announced that Andre Syngros, the millionaire banker, who died recently, left his entire estate. valued at \$5,000,000, to charitable insti-

"Durability is Better Than Show."

The wealth of the multimillionaires is not equal to good health. Riches without health are a curse, and yet the rich, the middle classes and the poor alike have, in Hood's Sarsaparilla, a valuable assistant in getting and maintaining perfect health. It never disappoints.

Scrofula-"Three years ago our son, now eleven, had a serious case of scrofula and erysipelas with dreadful sores, discharging and itching constantly. He could not walk. Several physicians did not help for sixteen months. Three months' treatment with Hood's Sarsaparilla made him perfectly well. We are glad to tell others of it." Mrs. David Laird, Ottawa, Kansas.

Mass. David Laird, Ottawa, Kansas.

Nausea — "Vomiting spells, dizziness and prostration troubled me for years. Had neuralgia, grew weak and could not sleep. My age was against me, but Hood's Sarsaparilla cured me thoroughly. My weight increased from 125 to 143 pounds. I am the mother of nine children. Never felt so well and strong since I was married as I do now." Mrs. M. A. Waters, 1529 33d St., Washington, D. C.

Eczema—"We had to tie the hands of our two year old son on account of eczema on face and limbs. No medicine even helped until we used Hood's Sarsaparilla, which soon cured." Mrs. A. Van Wyck, 123 Montgomery Street, Paterson, N. J. Hood's Sarsaparilla

BITS OF INFORMATION.

THE chances at birth that a baby will eventually marry are 9 in 20, or rather less than one-half. This result may seem surprising, but it is largely accounted for by the great mortality of persons under marriageable age, especially of infants up to the age of 5. THE inhabitants of the Andaman is-

ands are said to be the smallest race of people in the world. The average height of a full-grown Andaman is less than four feet, and the anthropological experts who recently visited them found but few that weighed over 75 THE derailment of railroad cars is prevented by a new truck attachment having flanged wheels traveling on the

truck in place, with an automatic device for lifting the wheels out of engagement with the rails in passing switches. NEARLY all the comic valentines used in February in almost every part of the civilized world are made in Germany, in some parts of which country the work goes on from one end of the year to the other. One factory turns

inner side of the rails to hold the

out more than 10,000,000 of the "comics" in a year. DENTISTS in Germany are using false teeth made of paper instead of porcelain or mineral composition. These paper teeth are said to be very satisfactory, as they do not break or chip, are died Saturday. He was born in New not sensitive to heat or cold or to the

> and are very cheap. Dr. Willis, the medical attendant of and board for himself and suite, and upon restoring the queen received

W. F. CARPENTER, president of the Building Trades Council, of Minneapolis, is responsible for the suggestion to establish a bureau of information for the benefit of both employer and employe. The plan is to have an office where a daily record may be kept of all work being done throughout the city.

Every cough makes your throat more raw and irritable. Every cough congests the lining membrane of your lungs. Cease tearing your throat and lungs in this way. Put the parts at rest and give them a chance to heal. You will need some help to do this, and you

will find it in

quiet and rest begin: the tickling in the throat ceases; the spasm weakens; the cough disappears. Do not wait for pneumonia and consumption but cut short your cold without delay. Dr. Ayer's Cherry Pectoral Plaster should be over the lungs of every person troubled with a cough. Write to the Doctor.

GOOD GARDEI